

Flowserve Corporation  
Flow Control Division  
Automation Business Unit

1350 South Mountain Springs Parkway  
Springville, Utah 84663  
www.flowserve.com

Phone: 801 489 2233  
Facsimile: 801 489 2228  
Email: actuators@flowserve.com

**BUSwitch™**

with

**FOUNDATION® Fieldbus Communications Protocol**

***Installation, Operating and Maintenance  
Instructions***

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### Introduction

Flowserve's BUSwitch™ uses the FOUNDATION® Fieldbus communication protocol to operate pneumatic valve actuators and monitor/report their position. BUSwitch™ also provides an odometer to assist in preventative maintenance. The BUSwitch is registered as a Link Master, making it a must for redundant control systems where the BUSwitch maintains control of the segment in the event the host system is down. The BUSwitch supports up to 49 links.

### Principles of Operation

BUSwitch™ utilizes two discrete output function blocks (DO-1 and DO-2) to energize piezo or solenoid coils, which act as pilots to shift a large capacity spool valve. For spring return and double acting applications with a desired fail position (open or closed) DO-1 is used to operate a single pilot. For applications requiring fail in last position, both DO blocks are used with a "dual coil" pilot configuration.

In dual coil mode, users may choose to de-energize piezo/solenoid coils after the valve has reached its desired position or may configure the elements to remain energized (factory default) (see "Transducer Block").

Valve position is sensed with two limit switches. BUSwitch™ communicates the state of these limits in the transducer block's CLOSED\_SWITCH and OPEN\_SWITCH parameters and in the OUT\_D parameters of the DI-3 and DI-4 function blocks (linkable), READBACK\_D of DO-1 (Single Readback) or READBACK\_D of DO-1 and DO-2 blocks depending upon configuration.

The transducer block's ODOMETER parameter tracks the number of valve strokes. It may be reset using RESET\_ODOMETER.

The transducer block's transition alarm alerts the user if the stroke time exceeds the time in the parameter TIME\_OUT. This alarm is also passed to the OUT\_D of the DI-1 block.

The OPERATION parameter permits the user to select single coil, dual coil, or Single Readback for limit switch status. Single Readback provides a digital feedback to the READBACK\_D parameter in the DO-1 block, allowing the user to assign a single tag per device.

Four discrete input blocks are factory-configured. DI-1 is a discrete value indicating the stroke exceeded a specific time. DI-2's OUT\_D parameter provides a link to an external dry-contact input (terminal P4). This input is jumper-selectable to normally open or normally closed (jumper J1/J2). Common uses for this input include valve packing pressure monitoring or a pressure switch. DI-3 is a discrete value indicating the closed switch status. DI-4 is a discrete value indicating the open switch status. All discrete input blocks are linkable for field interconnectability of function blocks.

A 2-wire cable using the FF H1 (31.25 Kbps) protocol provides communication and power to the FF Communication Board. The communications board, switches, and piezo/coil pilots are all connected to an interface board. Two versions of this interface card are available:

- 2-Wire for bus-powered pilot applications. Utilizes ultra-low power piezo pilot valves.
- 4-Wire for externally-powered pilot applications. Utilizes a wide range of 24VDC coil pilot valves.

The communications card operates from 9.5 to 32 VDC. BUSwitches are configured to draw 14mA of current. Current consumption from the fieldbus segment will remain constant whether a piezo/coil actuator is activated or not.

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### Printed Circuit Board Specifications

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Power Requirements: Communications Card</b> |  |
| XA0239<br>Communications Card                  | Bus powered<br>9.5-32 VDC at 14 mA                                       |
| <b>Power requirements: 2-Wire Version</b>      |  |
| XA0338 Interface Card<br>Version 2.0           | Bus-Powered by XA0239<br>Communication Card                              |
| <b>Power requirements†: 4-Wire Version</b>     |  |
| XA0242 Interface Card                          | 24 VDC<br>x 10 mA quiescent<br>x 510 mA max. with<br>solenoid activated. |
| <b>Temperature</b>                             |  |
| Operational                                    | -40 °F to +185 °F<br>(-40 °C to +85 °C)                                  |
| Storage  | -40 °F to +250 °F<br>(-40 °C to +120 °C)                                 |

† To operate, an external 24 VDC source must be locally supplied to the interface card.

### Intrinsically Safe Entity Parameters (FR-Series BUSwitch only)

Class 1, Div. 1, Groups A-G & ATEX EEx ia IIC T4

V max = 24V, I max = 250mA

Ci = 5 nF, Li = 8 µH

### FOUNDATION® Fieldbus Information

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Manufacturer</b>   |  |
| ID 0x46   | 4C4F (Hex)   |
| Name  | 46 6C 6F 77 73 65 72 76 65<br>F l o w s e r v e  |
| <b>Device</b>   |  |
| Type 0x50   | 53 (Hex)   |
| ID 464  | C4F5053:BUSWITCH:xxxxxx<br>Max length of 32 characters. Characters 21 through 32 are used for board serial number. |
| Device Descriptions are supplied on included diskette or can be downloaded from the Fieldbus Foundation website ( <a href="http://www.fieldbus.org">www.fieldbus.org</a> ). |  |

### Start-up Guide

#### CAUTION

The BUSwitch may cycle during a configuration download. Exercise caution in handling valves that may be stroked during these procedures.

For best results, Flowserve strongly recommends reading this entire document before attempting to configure and commission BUSwitches.

- Following the instructions in "Mechanical Installation," install the BUSwitch™ onto a pneumatic actuator and turn supply air on.
- Following the instructions in "Electrical connections," connect fieldbus and optional dry-contact wiring.
- Referring to control system or configuration system documentation, install BUSwitch™ device description (DD) files onto system hard drive. *Note: Readme file on DD floppy contains instructions.*
- Initialize communications with device and bring up the "Live List." BUSwitches have been configured from the factory with an ID of "464C4F5053:BUSWITCH:[serialnumber]" and a default tag of "FLOWSERVE BUSWITCH." Note the serial number.

**Note: For Fisher DeltaV systems, the DD files must be copied to a directory or folder named "464C4F" in order for the system to find them.**

- Change the BUSwitch™ attribute Device ID to the value noted in step 4 and change the Device Tag to the appropriate value.
- Assign the Tag configuration in step 5.
- BUSwitches are shipped with resource block, transducer block, (2) DO blocks and (4) DI blocks pre-configured unless specially configured by agreement with customer. Refer to the appropriate sections in this manual for the default configuration. Make any desired changes to this configuration and download.

8. Using the DO-1.OUT\_D value parameter (and DO-2.OUT\_D for dual coil mode), stroke the valve (Discrete 0 = de-energized; Discrete 1 = energized) and set limit switches, referring to "Adjustment of Switch Cams" section. Circuit board mounted LED's light when switches are tripped.
9. This is the minimum configuration to operate the actuator and read valve position. Refer to FOUNDATION Fieldbus standards for DO and DI blocks to establish more sophisticated control strategies. Refer to the block sections in this manual for more information on BUSwitch™ functionality.

4. To prolong actuator life use only clean, dry plant air. Lubricated air is not required, although it is recommended, particularly for high cycle applications.

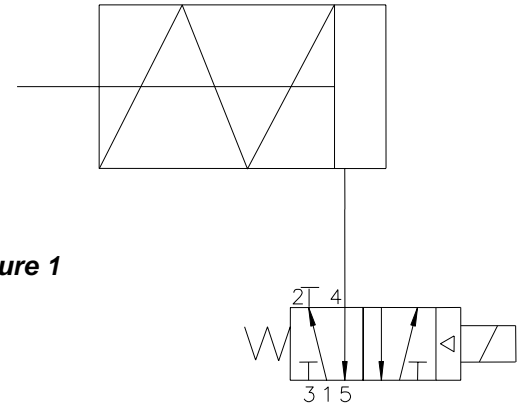


Figure 1

### Mechanical Installation

#### BUSwitch™ Mounting:

Installation is best performed with Flowserve NAMUR mounting kits. These kits allow direct mounting of the BUSwitch™ shaft to the actuator pinion without a coupler. The NAMUR mounting kits will work with any actuator conforming to the NAMUR standard for accessory mounting hole locations and pinion dimensions. Simply attach the bracket to actuator and BUSwitch™ to the bracket with the included fasteners. The BUSwitch™ shaft features an integral alignment pin that engages the tapped pinion hole. Flowserve also offers a full line of non-NAMUR mounting kits.

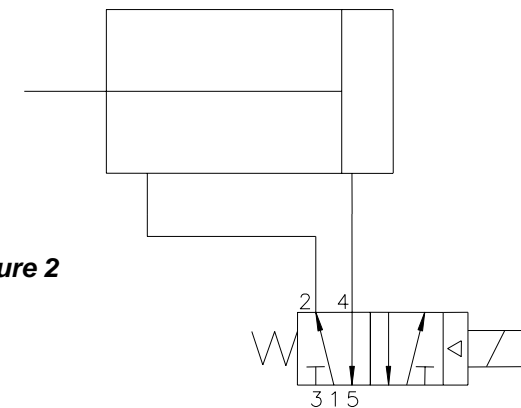


Figure 2

#### Spool and Tubing Configuration:

The following instructions apply to BUSwitch™ configured with integral pilot valves and spool valve. For non-integral pilot/spool valves, follow manufacturer's instructions for piping.

1. For spring return actuators, a 4-way spool valve is provided with port #2 plugged. For double acting actuators, the same valve is provided with no plugs. Make sure the correct spool is selected before installing tubing. (Note: the Flowserve APS2 purge module can be supplied on spring return actuators to purge the spring chamber with supply air.)
2. Make sure all air pressure is removed before installing tubing.
3. Attach tubing according to Figures 1 or 2 below, depending upon application. Attach supply tubing to Port 1 and use 3 and 5 for exhaust.

#### Lubrication

All BUSwitch™ spool valves are pre-lubricated and will operate dry (with no additional lubrication). The use of lubricated air will not interfere with the functioning of the BUSwitch™. If air lubrication is used, the oils listed below are popular, easily obtainable, fluids that are recommended for use with the BUSwitch™ spool valve: Gulf Harmony 47, Mobil DTE Medium, Shell Tellus 29, Texaco Rondo B, Sohivis 47 and Sunnis 921. Many other lubricants are acceptable providing they do not contain detergents that will attack Buna N or Viton Seals.

### Electrical Connections

#### **CAUTION**

To prevent ignition of hazardous atmospheres, keep cover bolts tight while circuits are live. Disconnect supply circuit before opening.

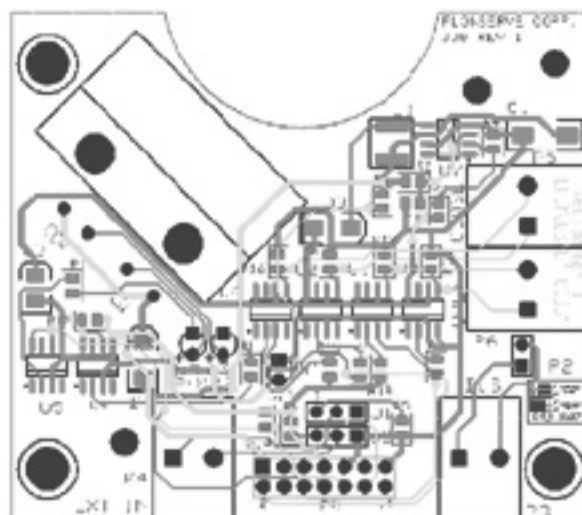
Entry into the BUSwitch™ housing is made through three ½" NPT conduit entries. Figures 3 and 4 provide terminal locations on the interface card.

Connection of the data cable is made to connector P3 - observing polarity. Incorrect polarity will not damage the electronics, but it will prevent communication. For hazardous locations, Underwriters Laboratories (UL) and the National Electric Code (NEC) require an approved sealing fitting within eighteen inches of the switch enclosure. Sealing fittings are not required for Division 2 non-incendive applications.

**Caution: make sure power is turned off when making electrical connection. Inadvertent power cycling will result in BUSwitch shutdown. After a power shut-down wait at least five seconds before attempting to turn power back on to assure BUSwitch start-up.**

Open conduit entries must be closed after installation using a close-up plug approved for hazardous locations. Conduit and plugs must fully engage five threads.

Terminal P4 is provided for the input of a signal from an external dry-contact switch. Jumper J1 and J2 change the configuration of this input. Factory setting is Normally Closed with DI-2 OUT\_D value Discrete 1 = contact open and Discrete 0 = contact closed. Change the jumper setting to "normally open" for Discrete 0 = contact open.



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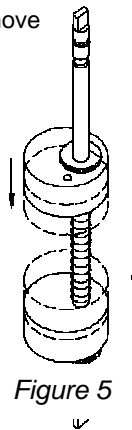
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### Special Notes on the fieldbus cabling.

Minimum voltage requirement for the BUSwitch™ is 9.5 VDC supply. The output voltage of the fieldbus power supply, the current drawn and the electrical characteristics of the data cable determine the maximum distance that a particular segment can span. With data cable that conforms to the FF cable type 'A' specification, distances of 1900 meters are guaranteed. If a shielded cable is used, connect the shield to ground at one point only. Multiple grounds can lead to ground loops which can impair the proper operation of the segment. For this reason, a shield connection has not been provided inside the BUSwitch™ housing. Radio frequency grounding at multiple points through the use of capacitors, allowed by the FF protocols, can be used for increased high frequency EMI (electromagnetic interference) shielding. For a more thorough treatment of data cable wiring and aspects of installation refer to the FOUNDATION Fieldbus application guide **AG-140: Wiring and Installation 31.25 Kbit/s, Voltage Mode, Wire Medium**. Its reference section lists additional documentation that can be consulted for further information.

### Adjustment of Switch Cams

1. Loosen five captive cover screws and remove lid, turning slightly while lifting.
2. Place the actuator in the clockwise (CW) position and connect to the fieldbus segment.
3. Push down on the top cam until it clears the splined coupler, rotating clockwise until the CW LED is illuminated (figure 5).
4. Release the cam and insure that it fully engages the spline.
5. Place the actuator in the counter-clockwise (CCW) position.
6. Pull up on the lower cam until it clears its splined coupler, rotating counterclockwise until the CCW LED is illuminated (figure 5).



### BUSwitch™ Embedded Software Specifications

Flowserve's BUSwitch™ utilizes the SMAR communications stack. Factory-configured embedded software includes the resource block, transducer block, (2) DO blocks and (4) DI blocks. The next sections provide information about each of these blocks. Flowserve assumes the reader has a fundamental understanding of the nature, nomenclature, and geometry of these blocks.

### DISCLOSURE

*The Flowserve BUSwitch™ has been certified by the Fieldbus Foundation to be interoperable in accordance with FOUNDATION Fieldbus (FF) standards. In addition, the BUSwitch™ device has been proven interoperable with Fisher's DeltaV Control System. The term interoperable DOES NOT mean the BUSwitch™ device will behave exactly like other FF-interoperable devices. Because of some flexibility in the interpretation of FF standards, some minor differences exist between many manufacturers. These differences DO NOT affect the function of this device.*

*Flowserve has disclosed, in an addendum to this document, known issues with individual control systems we have tested. Users and systems integrators should make allowances for these issues. Flowserve will not be responsible for modifying software to change the behavior of the BUSwitch™ relative to these issues.*

### Resource Block

The Resource Block (RB) contains a set of parameters that define characteristics of the physical BUSwitch™ sub-components (function blocks and transducer block). Some of these parameters are considered “operational” because they affect or reflect the operation of function blocks. Others contain more general data about the device.

MANUFAC\_ID, DEV\_TYPE, DEV\_REV, and DD\_REV provide information to the control system about which device description to use. All of the RB parameter data is “contained” meaning no links are made to this block. No device configuration data is stored in this block.

General function block operation is reflected in the RB. MODE\_BLK may be used to override the Target Modes of all function blocks and transducer block.

### Supported Modes (MODE\_BLK)

O/S, IMAN, AUTO (Factory default = Auto)

### Alarm Types

Standard block alarm plus a discrete alarm for write lock.

### Device Initialization

The parameter RESTART permits varying degrees of initialization.

#### CAUTION

**Initializing with the setting “Defaults” will reset the device to the board manufacturer’s defaults, not the Flowserve defaults shown in this document. When using this command, users will have to reestablish all the critical Flowserve factory defaults highlighted in each block section.**

1. Write the value “Defaults” to RESTART
2. Read the RESTART value. It should equal 1
3. Turn off and then turn on the device.

Users may utilize the other levels of restart at their discretion.

### Resource Block Parameter Table

The following table provides a complete list of all RB parameters. There are no critical default RB parameter settings affected by a “Default” RESTART, however Flowserve recommends setting the MODE\_BLK value to “Auto.”

**Resource Block Parameter Table**

| Rel. Index | Parameter   | Description   |
|------------|-------------|---|
| 1          | ST_REV      | The revision level of the static data associated with the function block. To support tracking changes in static parameter attributes, the associated block’s static revision parameter will be incremented each time a static parameter attribute value is written. |
| 2          | TAG_DESC    | The user description of the intended application of the block.  |
| 3          | STRATEGY    | The strategy field can be used to identify grouping of blocks. This data is not checked or processed by the block.  |
| 4          | ALERT_KEY   | The identification number of the plant unit. This information may be used in the host for sorting alarms, etc.  |
| 5          | MODE_BLK    | The actual, target, permitted, and normal modes of the block.   |
| 6          | BLOCK_ERR   | This parameter reflects the error status associated with the hardware or software components associated with a block. It is a bit string, so that multiple errors may be shown.   |
| 7          | RS_STATE    | State of the function block application state machine.  |
| 8          | TEST_RW     | Read/write test parameter - used only for conformance testing.  |
| 9          | DD_RESOURCE | String identifying the tag of the resource, which contains the Device Description for this resource.  |
| 10         | MANUFAC_ID  | Manufacturer identification number - used by an interface device to locate the DD file for the resource.  |
| 11         | DEV_TYPE    | Manufacturer’s model number associated with the resource – used by interface devices to locate the DD file for the resource.  |
| 12         | DEV_REV     | Manufacturer revision number associated with the resource – used by an interface device to locate the DD file for the resource.   |



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| Rel. Index | Parameter    | Description  |
|------------|--------------|--|
| 13         | DD_REV       | Revision of the DD associated with the resource - used by an interface device to locate the DD file for the resource.  |
| 14         | GRANT_DENY   | Options for controlling access of host computer and local control panels to operating, tuning and alarm parameters of the block.   |
| 15         | HARD_TYPES   | The types of hardware available as channel numbers.  |
| 16         | RESTART      | Allows a manual restart to be initiated. Several degrees of restart are possible. They are 1: Run, 2: Restart resource, 3: Restart with defaults, and 4: Restart processor.                  |
| 17         | FEATURES     | Used to show supported resource block options.   |
| 18         | FEATURE_SEL  | Used to select resource block options.   |
| 19         | CYCLE_TYPE   | Identifies the block execution methods available for this resource.  |
| 20         | CYCLE_SEL    | Used to select the block execution method for this resource.   |
| 21         | MIN_CYCLE_T  | Time duration of the shortest cycle interval of which the resource is capable.   |
| 22         | MEMORY_SIZE  | Available configuration memory in the empty resource. To be checked before attempting a download. MIN_CYCLE_T Time duration of the shortest cycle interval of which the resource is capable. |
| 23         | NV_CYCLE_T   | Minimum time interval specified by the manufacturer for writing copies of NV parameters to non-volatile memory. Zero means it will never be automatically copied.                            |
| 24         | FREE_SPACE   | Percent of memory available for further configuration. Zero in a pre-configured resource.  |
| 25         | FREE_TIME    | Percent of the block processing time that is free to process additional blocks.  |
| 26         | SHED_RCAS    | Time duration at which to give up on computer writes to function block RCAS locations. Shed from RCAS shall never happen when SHED_RCAS = 0.   |
| 27         | SHED_ROUT    | Time duration at which to give up on computer writes to function block ROUT locations. Shed from Rout shall never happen when SHED_ROUT = 0.   |
| 28         | FAULT_STATE  | Condition set by loss of communication to an output block. When FAULT_STATE condition is set the function blocks will perform their FSTATE actions.  |
| 29         | SET_FSTATE   | Allows the FAULT_STATE condition to be manually initiated.   |
| 30         | CLR_FSTATE   | Writing to this parameter will clear the FAULT_STATE condition as long as the problem which initially caused the FAULT_STATE has been cleared.   |
| 31         | MAX_NOTIFY   | Maximum number of unconfirmed notify messages possible.  |
| 32         | LIM_NOTIFY   | Maximum number of unconfirmed alert notify messages allowed.   |
| 33         | CONFIRM_TIME | The time the resource will wait for confirmation of receipt of a report before trying again. Retry shall not happen when CONFIRM_TIME = 0.   |
| 34         | WRITE_LOCK   | If set, writes to parameters within the device are not allowed, except to clear WRITE_LOCK. Block inputs will continue to be updated.  |
| 35         | UPDATE_EVT   | This alert is generated by any change to the static data.  |
| 36         | BLOCK_ALM    | The block alarm is used for all configuration, hardware, connection failure, or system problems in the block. The cause of the alert is entered in the subcode field.                        |
| 37         | ALARM_SUM    | The current alert status, unacknowledged states, unreported states, and disabled states of the alarms associated with the function block.  |
| 38         | ACK_OPTION   | Selection of whether alarms associated with the block will be automatically acknowledged.  |
| 39         | WRITE_PRI    | Priority of the alarm generated by clearing the write lock.  |
| 40         | WRITE_ALM    | This alert is generated if the write lock parameter is cleared.  |



### Transducer Block

The Transducer Block (TB) provides the link between standard function blocks (DO-1, DO-2, DI-1, DI-2, DI-3 & DI-4) and the sensors and piezo/coil actuators within the BUSwitch™ device. It tracks number of valve strokes. The TB also provides some configuration flexibility.

This section details those parameters affecting the function and configuration of the BUSwitch device. This discussion includes all operational aspects of the function blocks as well. A complete list of TB parameters follows at the end of the section. Complete function block parameter lists are provided in Appendices A and B.

### Pneumatic Actuator Operation – Single Coil, Fail Open or Fail Closed

For operation requiring a consistent fail position (either open or closed), select the “Single Coil” TB.OPERATION parameter. One DO block (DO-1) is used. The TB reads DO-1 OUT\_D Value and energizes both the OPEN (P6) and CLOSE (P5) terminals as shown in the Single Coil Truth Table. To reverse the actuator fail mode for double acting actuators, reverse ports 2 and 4. To reverse spring-return actuators, actuator modification is necessary.

**Single Coil Truth Table**

| DO1.OUT_D | OPEN/CLOSE   |
|-----------|--------------|
| 0         | De-energized |
| 1         | Energized    |

When in Auto mode, DO1.OUT\_D follows the SP\_D Value. If the user wishes to invert the above truth table relative to SP\_D, change the function block IO\_OPTS parameter to “Invert.” This will energize the coil on an SP\_D Discrete 0 and de-energize on an SP\_D Discrete 1. This toggle has the same effect when “dual coil” mode is selected; it is necessary to select “Invert” for both DO blocks.

### Pneumatic Actuator Operation – Dual Coil, Fail in Last Position

Select the “Dual Coil” TB.OPERATION parameter. Dual Coil Operation uses both DO1.OUT\_D and DO2.OUT\_D block parameters configured in an interlocking manner. *For valve movement to take place, the OUT\_D parameters must take on opposite values as shown in the next table.*

**Dual Coil Truth Table**

| DO1 OUT_D | DO2 OUT_D | CLOSE        | OPEN         |
|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| 0         | 0         | No Change    | No Change    |
| 1         | 0         | Energized    | De-energized |
| 1         | 1         | No Change    | No Change    |
| 0         | 1         | De-energized | Energized    |

Referring to Figure 2, energizing the “OPEN” terminals will provide air to Port 4 and energizing the “CLOSE” terminals will provide air to Port 2. To reverse the valve operation, either reverse the solenoid valve wires on P5 and P6, or reverse the actuator tubing connections on Port 2 and 4.

The TB.OUTPUT\_CONFIGURATION parameter selects whether piezo/coil pilot elements stay energized or become de-energized after the valve reaches its desired position. If the “Pulse” option is selected, the elements will de-energize after the length of time selected in the TB.TIME\_OUT parameter. The “Constant” setting maintains element voltage until new DO-1 and DO-2 OUT\_D values are selected.

### Valve Position Monitoring and Reporting

The BUSwitch™ TB monitors the status of two limit switches. SW1 is the upper switch and is set to trip when the valve reaches the closed position. SW2 is the lower switch and is set to trip when the valve is open. The TB.CLOSED\_SWITCH parameter displays SW1 status as False when not tripped and True when tripped. TB.OPEN\_SWITCH parameter displays SW2 status the same way.

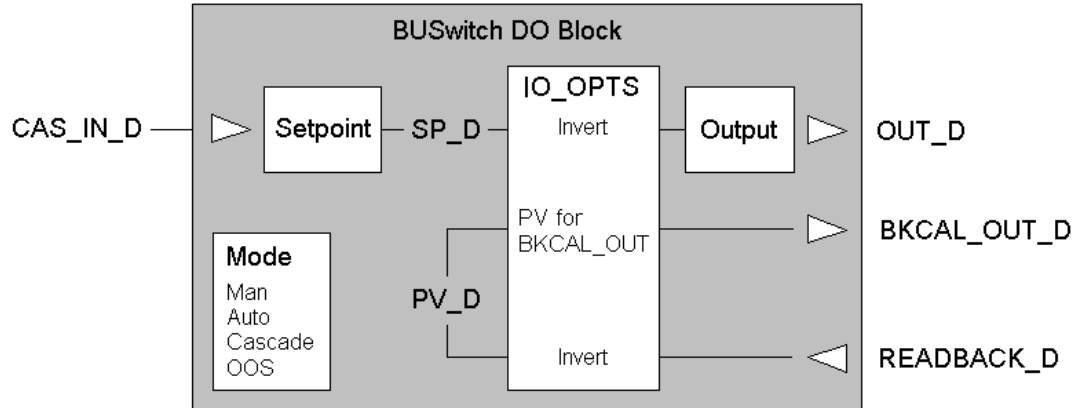
The BUSwitch permits three user-selectable options for reporting limit switch status: 1) Feedback through DO-1 and DO-2, 2) “Linkable” feedback through DI-3 and DI-4, and 3) Digital feedback through DO-1.

**Option 1.** The TB provides limit switch status to the READBACK\_D parameters of DO-1 and DO-2 respectively per the following truth table.

**Truth Table for READBACK\_D Values**

| SW1 | SW2 | DO-1 RDBK | DO-2 RDBK | Meaning              |
|-----|-----|-----------|-----------|----------------------|
| A   | A   | 1         | 1         | Improper switch adj. |
| A   | O   | 1         | 0         | Actuator CLOSED      |
| O   | A   | 0         | 1         | Actuator OPENED      |
| O   | O   | 0         | 0         | Actuator is moving   |

A = Activated or Tripped, O = Open or Not Tripped



**Figure 5 – DO Block Schematic**

FOUNDATION® Fieldbus DO blocks write the READBACK\_D value to the PV\_D variable within each block. PV\_D may then be linked to the BKCAL\_OUT variable. Figure 5 shows a schematic of a DO block illustrating this feature.

To link DO.PV\_D to DO.BKCAL\_OUT, configure the IO\_OPTS for the desired block to "PV for BKCAL\_OUT." *Note: This action prevents the use of "Invert" as an IO Option.* Then, link BKCAL\_OUT to the BKCAL\_IN of the function block sending the CAS\_IN\_D signal.

**Option 2.** The OUT\_D parameter of DI-3 reports status of the closed limit switch. The OUT\_D parameter of DI-4 reports status of the open limit switch. These values are linkable for interconnectability of field function blocks to establish more sophisticated process control strategies.

**Option 3.** The Single Readback option can be activated by the OPERATION parameter in the Transducer Block. This option provides a digital feedback of limit switch status on the DO-1 function block at the READBACK\_D parameter. The digital feedback reports the following values: 0 = both switches untripped, 1 = closed switch tripped, 2 = open switch tripped, 3 = both switches tripped. This option permits a single tag to be allocated per device, a particularly advantageous feature for DCS applications where licensing fees are based on the total number of device tags.

### Auxiliary Dry Contact Input

The BUSwitch™ TB also monitors continuity across terminals P4. This status is seen in the external alarm

parameter and in the OUT\_D of DI-2. DI-2.OUT\_D will read Discrete 1 when no continuity exists and the "Normally Closed" J1 and J2 jumpers are selected. When contact is made in this jumper mode, the output changes to Discrete 0.

To reverse the outputs, change the J1 and J2 settings to "Normally Open." Refer to Figure 3 for the jumper settings.

### Odometer Function

TB Parameter ODOMETER reports the number of open-closed and closed-open transitions. It may be reset using the RESET\_ODOMETER parameter. Simply write a "True" value to this parameter to reset.

### Valve Stroke Time Out Function

The BUSwitch™ times each valve stroke and reports the time from the move command until the appropriate position switch is tripped. The stroke time is displayed in the transducer block parameter "TRANSITION TIME." If the "TRANSITION TIME" is greater than the value entered in "TIME-OUT" an alarm is generated. This alarm is displayed in the transducer block parameter "TRANSITION-ALARM" and is also sent to the DI1 block "OUT-D." This is a "linkable" input and can be used to alter process control. The alarm will stay present until the "RESET-TIMEOUT" parameter is set to "TRUE" in the transducer block.

### Additional TB Parameters

Several TB parameters exist to store information about the valve, actuator and BUSwitch™ device. In addition, calibration information may be stored. Refer to the complete list of BUSwitch™ TB parameters starting on page 11 for a description of these parameters.

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www.flowserve.com

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Facsimile: 801 489 2228  
Email: actuators@flowserve.com

### Transducer Block Parameters

| Rel. Index | Parameter            | Factory Default | Description  |
|------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|
| 1          | ST_REV               |                 | The revision level of the static data associated with the function block. To support tracking changes in static parameter attributes, the associated block's static revision parameter will be incremented each time a static parameter attribute value is changed. Also, the associated block's static revision parameter may be incremented if a static parameter attribute is written but the value is not changed.                       |
| 2          | TAG_DESC             |                 | The user description of the intended application of the block.   |
| 3          | STRATEGY             |                 | The strategy field can be used to identify grouping of blocks. This data is not checked or processed by the block.   |
| 4          | ALERT_KEY            |                 | The identification number of the plant unit. This information may be used in the host for sorting alarms, etc.   |
| 6          | BLOCK_ERR            |                 | This parameter reflects the error status associated with the hardware or software components associated with a block. It is a bit string, so that multiple errors may be shown.  |
| 7          | UPDATE_EVT           |                 | This alert is generated by any change to the static data.  |
| 8          | BLOCK_ALM            |                 | The block alarm is used for all configuration, hardware, and connection failure or system problems in the block. The cause of the alert is entered in the sub-code field. The first alert to become active will set the Active status in the Status attribute. As soon as the Unreported status is cleared by the alert reporting task, another block alert may be reported without clearing the Active status, if the sub-code has changed. |
| 9          | TRANSDUCER_DIRECTORY |                 | A directory that specifies the number and starting indices of the transducers in the transducer block.   |
| 10         | TRANSDUCER_TYPE      |                 | Identifies the transducer that follows.  |
| 11         | XD_ERROR             |                 | One of the error codes defined in section 4.8 of the FF-903 document on the XD_ERROR and Block Alarm sub-codes.  |
| 12         | COLLECTION_DIRECTORY |                 | A directory that specifies the number, starting indices, and DD Item IDs of the data collections in each transducer within a transducer block.   |
| 13         | FINAL_VALUE_D        |                 | The requested valve position and status written by a discrete Function Block.  |
| 14         | ACT_FAIL_ACTIN       |                 | Specifies the final failure position of the actuator as defined in section 4.6 of the FF-903 document on the Actuator Failure Actions.   |
| 15         | ACT_MAN_ID           | 4607055         | The BUSwitch™ manufacturer identification number.  |
| 16         | ACT_MODEL_NUM        |                 | The actuator model number.   |
| 17         | ACT_SN               |                 | The actuator serial number.  |
| 18         | VALVE_MAN_ID         |                 | The valve manufacturer identification number.  |
| 19         | VALVE_MODEL_NUM      |                 | The valve model number.  |
| 20         | VALVE_SN             |                 | The valve serial number.   |
| 21         | VALVE_TYPE           |                 | The type of the valve as defined in section 4.7 of the FF-903 document on the Valve Type.  |
| 22         | XD_CAL_LOC           |                 | The location of last calibration.  |
| 23         | XD_CAL_DATE          |                 | Date of the last calibration.  |
| 24         | XD_CAL_WHO           |                 | Name of the person responsible for last calibration.   |



Flowserve Corporation  
Flow Control Division  
Automation Business Unit

1350 South Mountain Springs Parkway  
Springville, Utah 84663  
www.flowserve.com

Phone: 801 489 2233  
Facsimile: 801 489 2228  
Email: actuators@flowserve.com

| Rel. Index | Parameter            | Factory Default | Description  |
|------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|
| 25         | OPERATION            | Note 1          | Configures the piezo/coil elements for single or dual coil operation. Single Readback (single coil devices only) permits digital feedback of switch status to DO-1 Function Block.                   |
| 26         | OUTPUT_CONFIGURATION | Note 1          | Configures the piezo/coil signals to shut-off or remain energized after TIME_OUT period. Applies to Dual Coil mode only.   |
| 27         | ODOMETER             |                 | This variable counts the transitions from open to closed and closed to open states. It is reset-able to 0, after maintenance.  |
| 28         | RESET_ODOMETER       |                 | Resets the ODOMETER counter.   |
| 29         | FAILURE_RECOVERY     |                 | Enable/Disable FAILURE_RECOVERY action.1: Act with or without change in the input, 2: Do not act until a new change in the input.  |
| 30         | RESET_TIMEOUT        |                 | Resets a TIME_OUT occurrence.  |
| 31         | TRANSITION_TIME      |                 | How much time for the last transition.   |
| 32         | TIME_OUT             | 10              | The time allowed for a transition before the DI associated with the TIME-OUT Alarm is Activated. Also, the length of the One-Shot pulse voltage output to the coils in the Dual Coil Operation Mode. |
| 33         | CLOSED_SWITCH        |                 | SW1 state  |
| 34         | OPEN_SWITCH          |                 | SW2 state  |
| 35         | TRANSITION_ALARM     |                 | DI-1 state = transition TIME-OUT state;  |
| 36         | EXTERNAL_ALARM       |                 | DI-2 state = It read the status of the external input. Data is passed on to DI-2.  |
| 37         | ACTION_TIME          |                 | Time since last command for transition.  |

Notes:

1. Selected by Factory in accordance with customer PO specifications.

**Transducer Block Parameter Specifications**

| Rel. Index | Parameter Mnemonic   | Data Type         | Size     | Valid Range                                | Units | Class |
|------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------|--|-------|-------|
| 1          | ST_REV               | Unsigned 16       | 2        | Positive                                   | N/A   | Read  |
| 2          | TAG_DESC             | Visible String    | 32       | String Data                                | N/A   | R/W   |
| 3          | STRATEGY             | Unsigned 16       | 2        |  | N/A   | R/W   |
| 4          | ALERT_KEY            | Unsigned 8        | 1        | 1-255                                      | N/A   | R/W   |
| 5          | MODE_BLK             | DS-69             | 4        |  | N/A   | R/W   |
| 6          | BLOCK_ERR            | Bit String        | 2        |  | N/A   | Read  |
| 7          | UPDATE_EVT           | DS-73             | 5        |  | N/A   | Read  |
| 8          | BLOCK_ALARM          | DS-72             | 13       |  | N/A   | Read  |
| 9          | TRANSDUCER_DIRECTORY | Unsigned 16 Array | Variable |  | N/A   | Read  |
| 10         | TRANSDUCER_TYPE      | Unsigned 16       | 2        |  | E     | Read  |
| 11         | XD_ERROR             | Unsigned 8        | 1        |  | N/A   | Read  |
| 12         | COLLECTION_DIRECTORY | Unsigned 32 Array | Variable |  | N/A   | Read  |
| 13         | FINAL_VALUE_D        | DS-66             | 2        |  | N/A   | R/W   |
| 14         | ACT_FAIL_ACTION      | Unsigned 8        | 1        | 0=Undefined<br>1=Close<br>2=Open<br>3=Last | E     | R/W   |
| 15         | ACT_MAN_ID           | Unsigned 32       | 4        |  | E     | Read  |
| 16         | ACT_MODEL_NUM        | Visible String    | 32       | String Data                                | N/A   | Read  |



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1350 South Mountain Springs Parkway  
 Springville, Utah 84663  
 www.flowserve.com

Phone: 801 489 2233  
 Facsimile: 801 489 2228  
 Email: actuators@flowserve.com

| Rel. Index | Parameter Mnemonic   | Data Type      | Size | Valid Range                               | Units | Class |
|------------|----------------------|----------------|------|---|-------|-------|
| 17         | ACT_SN               | Visible String | 32   | String Data                               | N/A   | Read  |
| 18         | VALVE_MAN_ID         | Unsigned 32    | 4    |   | N/A   | Read  |
| 19         | VALVE_MODEL_NUM      | Visible String | 32   | String Data                               | N/A   | Read  |
| 20         | VALVE_SN             | Visible String | 32   | String Data                               | N/A   | Read  |
| 21         | VALVE_TYPE           | Unsigned 8     | 1    |   | N/A   | R/W   |
| 22         | XD_CAL_LOC           | Visible String | 32   |   | N/A   | R/W   |
| 23         | XD_CAL_DATE          | Time of Day    | 7    |   | N/A   | R/W   |
| 24         | XD_CAL_WHO           | Visible String | 32   |   | N/A   | R/W   |
| 25         | OPERATION            | Unsigned 8     | 1    | 1=Single<br>2=Double<br>3=Single Readback | N/A   | R/W   |
| 26         | OUTPUT_CONFIGURATION | Unsigned 8     | 1    | 1=Pulse<br>2=Constant                     | N/A   | R/W   |
| 27         | ODOMETER             | Unsigned 32    | 4    |   | N/A   | Read  |
| 28         | RESET_ODOMETER       | Unsigned 8     | 1    | True/False                                | N/A   | R/W   |
| 29         | FAILURE_RECOVER      | Unsigned 8     | 1    | 1=Enabled<br>2=Disabled                   | N/A   | R/W   |
| 30         | RESET_TIMEOUTS       | Unsigned 8     | 1    | True/False                                | N/A   | R/W   |
| 31         | TRANSITION_TIME      | Float          | 4    |   | Sec.  | Read  |
| 32         | TIME_OUT             | Float          | 4    |   | Sec.  | R/W   |
| 33         | CLOSED_SWITCH        | Unsigned 8     | 1    | True/False                                | N/A   | Read  |
| 34         | OPEN_SWITCH          | Unsigned 8     | 1    | True/False                                | N/A   | Read  |
| 35         | TRANSITION_ALARM     | Unsigned 8     | 1    | True/False                                | N/A   | Read  |
| 36         | EXTERNAL_ALARM       | Unsigned 8     | 1    | True/False                                | N/A   | Read  |
| 37         | ACTION_TIME          | Float          | 4    |   | Sec.  | Read  |

Abbreviations: R/W – Read/Write  
 Sec. – Seconds

### Appendix A. Discrete Input Block Parameters

The following table provides a list of all DI block parameters. Critical Factory Default values are highlighted.

| Rel. Index | Parameter   | Factory Default | Description  |
|------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| 1          | ST_REV      |                 | The revision level of the static data associated with the function block. To support tracking changes in static parameter attributes, the associated block's static revision parameter will be incremented each time a static parameter attribute value is changed. Also, the associated block's static revision parameter may be incremented if a static parameter attribute is written but the value is not changed.                     |
| 2          | TAG_DESC    |                 | The user description of the intended application of the block.   |
| 3          | STRATEGY    |                 | The strategy field can be used to identify grouping of blocks. This data is not checked or processed by the block.   |
| 4          | ALERT_KEY   |                 | The identification number of the plant unit. This information may be used in the host for sorting alarms, etc.   |
| 6          | BLOCK_ERR   |                 | This parameter reflects the error status associated with the hardware or software components associated with a block. It is a bit string, so that multiple errors may be shown.  |
| 7          | PV_D        |                 | Either the primary discrete value for use in executing the function or a process value associated with it. May also be calculated from the READBACK_D value of a DO block.   |
| 8          | OUT_D       |                 | The primary discrete value calculated as a result of executing the function.   |
| 9          | SIMULATE    |                 | Allows the transducer analog input or output to the block to be manually supplied when simulate is enabled. When simulation is disabled, the simulate value and status track the actual value and status.  |
| 10         | XD_STATE    |                 | Index to the text describing the states of a discrete for the value obtained from the transducer.  |
| 11         | OUT_STATE   |                 | Index to the text describing the states of a discrete output.  |
| 12         | GRANT_DENY  |                 | Options for controlling access of host computer and local control panels to operating, tuning and alarm parameters of the block.   |
| 13         | IO_OPTS     |                 | Options which the user may select to alter input and output block processing.  |
| 14         | STATUS_OPTS |                 | Options which the user may select in the block processing of status.   |
| 16         | PV_FTIME    |                 | Time constant of a single exponential filter for the PV, in seconds.   |
| 17         | FIELD_VAL_D |                 | Raw value of the field device discrete input, with a status reflecting the Transducer condition.   |
| 18         | UPDATE_EVT  |                 | This alert is generated by any change to the static data.  |
| 19         | BLOCK_ALM   |                 | The block alarm is used for all configuration, hardware, and connection failure or system problems in the block. The cause of the alert is entered in the subcode field. The first alert to become active will set the Active status in the Status attribute. As soon as the Unreported status is cleared by the alert reporting task, another block alert may be reported without clearing the Active status, if the subcode has changed. |
| 20         | ALARM_SUM   |                 | The current alert status, unacknowledged states, unreported states, and disabled states of the alarms associated with the function block.  |

| Rel. Index | Parameter  | Factory Default | Description   |
|------------|------------|-----------------|---|
| 21         | ACK_OPTION |                 | Selection of whether alarms associated with the block will be automatically acknowledged. |
| 22         | DISC_PRI   |                 | Priority of the discrete alarm.   |
| 23         | DISC_LIM   |                 | State of discrete input, which will generate an alarm.                                    |
| 24         | DISC_ALM   |                 | The status and time stamp associated with the discrete alarm.                             |

### Appendix B. Discrete Output Block Parameters

The following table provides a list of all DO block parameters. Critical Factory Default values are highlighted.

| Rel. Index | Parameter   | Factory Default | Description  |
|------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| 1          | ST_REV      |                 | The revision level of the static data associated with the function block. To support tracking changes in static parameter attributes, the associated block's static revision parameter will be incremented each time a static parameter attribute value is changed. Also, the associated block's static revision parameter may be incremented if a static parameter attribute is written but the value is not changed. |
| 2          | TAG_DESC    |                 | The user description of the intended application of the block.   |
| 3          | STRATEGY    |                 | The strategy field can be used to identify grouping of blocks. This data is not checked or processed by the block.   |
| 4          | ALERT_KEY   |                 | The identification number of the plant unit. This information may be used in the host for sorting alarms, etc.   |
| 6          | BLOCK_ERR   |                 | This parameter reflects the error status associated with the hardware or software components associated with a block. It is a bit string, so that multiple errors may be shown.  |
| 7          | PV_D        |                 | Calculated from the READBACK_D value of a DO block, this variable indicates the valve position. It may be linked to BKCAL_OUT and fed back to the sending block.   |
| 8          | SP_D        |                 | The discrete setpoint of this block.   |
| 9          | OUT_D       | 0               | The primary discrete value calculated as a result of executing the function.   |
| 10         | SIMULATE_D  |                 | Allows the transducer discrete input or output to the block to be manually supplied when simulate is enabled. When simulation is disabled, the simulate value and status track the actual value and status.  |
| 11         | PV_STATE    |                 | Index to the text describing the states of a discrete PV.  |
| 12         | XD_STATE    |                 | Index to the text describing the states of a discrete for the value obtained from the transducer.  |
| 13         | GRANT_DENY  |                 | Options for controlling access of host computer and local control panels to operating, tuning and alarm parameters of the block.   |
| 14         | IO_OPTS     |                 | Options which the user may select to alter input and output block processing.  |
| 15         | STATUS_OPTS |                 | Options which the user may select in the block processing of status.   |
| 16         | READBACK_D  |                 | This indicates the readback of the actual discrete valve or other actuator position, in the transducer state.  |
| 17         | CAS_IN_D    |                 | This parameter is the remote setpoint value of a discrete block, which must come from another Fieldbus block, or a DCS block through a defined link.   |



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Automation Business Unit

1350 South Mountain Springs Parkway  
Springville, Utah 84663  
www.flowserve.com

Phone: 801 489 2233  
Facsimile: 801 489 2228  
Email: actuators@flowserve.com

|    |              |  |  |
|----|--------------|--|--|
| 19 | FSTATE_TIME  |  | The time in seconds from detection of fault of the output block remote setpoint to the output action of the block output if the condition still exists.  |
| 20 | FSTATE_VAL_D |  | The preset discrete SP_D value to use when fault occurs. This value will be used if the I/O option Fault State to value is selected.   |
| 21 | BKCAL_OUT_D  |  | The output value and status provided to an upstream discrete block. This information is used to provide bumpless transfer to closed loop control.  |
| 22 | RCAS_IN_D    |  | Target setpoint and status provided by a supervisory Host to a discrete control or output block.   |
| 24 | RCAS_OUT_D   |  | Block setpoint and status provided to a supervisory Host for back calculation and to allow action to be taken under limiting conditions or mode change.  |
| 25 | UPDATE_EVT   |  | This alert is generated by any change to the static data.  |
| 26 | BLOCK_ALM    |  | The block alarm is used for all configuration, hardware, and connection failure or system problems in the block. The cause of the alert is entered in the subcode field. The first alert to become active will set the Active status in the Status attribute. As soon as the Unreported status is cleared by the alert reporting task, another block alert may be reported without clearing the Active status, if the subcode has changed. |

\*\*\* = NormalShed\_NormalReturn